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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/760,192	01/21/2004	Kia Silverbrook	RRA17US	2063
24011	7590 04/12/2006		EXAMINER	
SILVERBROOK RESEARCH PTY LTD			GOLDBERG, BRIAN J	
393 DARLIN BALMAIN,	NSW 2041		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTRALÍA	A		2861	
			DATE MAILED: 04/12/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/760,192	SILVERBROOK, KIA	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Brian Goldberg	2861	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 A</u> , 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o			
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 11 July 2005 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Silverbrook (US 6318849) in view of Kotaki et al. (US 5619239).
- 3. Regarding claim 1, Silverbrook discloses "an inkjet printer cartridge…comprising: a plurality of ink storage reservoirs (40, 45, 46 of Fig 4); a printing fluid delivery member (14 of Fig 1 and the portion of 14 shown in Fig 4) defining a plurality of ink delivery channels (42,43,44,47,48 of Fig 4); and a pagewidth printhead (2 of Fig 1) in fluid communication (12 of Fig 1) with the plurality of ink storage reservoirs (40, 45, 46 of Fig 4) by means of the one or more printing fluid delivery channels (42, 43, 44, 47, 48 of Fig 4)." The printhead (2), by way of 12, is in fluid communication with the reservoirs (40,45,46) by means of channels (42,43,44,47,48). Thus Silverbrook meets the claimed invention except "said cartridge being replaceably receivable in a cradle of an inkjet printer."
- 4. Kotaki et al. teach a "cartridge (21) being replaceably receivable in a cradle (103, 110, 111) of an inkjet printer (In 1-2 of abstract and Figs 4-10)." It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to allow

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the cartridge to be replaceaby receivable in a cradle of the inkjet printer. One would have been motivated to so modify Silverbrook by making the cartridge replaceable as set forth by Kotaki et al. for the benefit of allowing the user to replace cartridges when desired, eliminating the need for adjustment by a service man or replacement of the entire printer, as stated by Numata et al. (US 5625384) in column 17, lines 54-58.

- 5. Regarding claim 2, Silverbrook discloses "an elongate body (the body of 14 of Fig 1) housing the plurality of ink storage reservoirs (40,45,46 of Fig 4)."
- 6. Regarding claim 3, Silverbrook discloses "wherein the pagewidth printhead (2 of Fig 1) is attached (at 50 of Fig 5) to the elongate body (the body of 14 of Fig 1)."
- 7. Regarding claim 4, Silverbrook discloses "wherein the ink delivery member (portion of 14 shown in Fig 4) is formed from Liquid Crystal Polymer (col 5 ln 43-45) and extends the length of the printhead (col 5 ln 35-36 and see Fig. 1 where 14 extends the length of 2)." Silverbrook states the ink delivery member (14) is formed from injection molded plastic which is the same as what is stated in the instant application. A liquid crystal polymer is a type of plastic as disclosed in the instant application in paragraph [0062], lines 1-3.
- 8. Regarding claim 5, Silverbrook discloses "wherein the pagewidth printhead (2 of Fig 1) is attached to the elongate body (the body of 14 of Fig 1) by means of the ink delivery member (see the portion of 14 shown in Fig 4 and at 50 of Fig 5)." The printhead attaches to the elongate body at printhead slot 50 in the fluid delivery member.

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Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 4/3/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

10. In response to applicant's argument that the combined references would not yield a printer cartridge (comprising ink reservoirs, ink delivery member and pagewidth printhead) which is replaceably receivable in a cradle of the printer, the test for obviousness is not that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). The secondary reference is merely teaching the limitation of any type of inkjet printer cartridge being replaceably receivable in a cradle of an inkjet printer and does not need to teach all of the limitations of the particularly claimed inkjet printer cartridge as well as being replaceably receivable in a cradle of an inkjet printer. The Silverbrook reference discloses the limitations of the particularly claimed inkjet printer cartridge. The Kotaki et al. reference teaches that a cartridge can be replaceably receivable in a cradle of an inkjet printer. Therefore, the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to make the cartridge taught by Silverbrook have the property of being replaceably receivable in a cradle of an inkjet printer that is taught by Kotaki et al.

Conclusion

11. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Goldberg whose telephone number is 571-272-2728. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 9AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on 571-272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BJG

April 7, 2006

Thinh Nguyen Primary Examiner Technology Center 2800